Proposed Code Amendments Relating Density Fringe Exemptions

Snohomish County Council: Briefing
July 16, 2024

Hilary McGowan, Senior Planner



Presentation Overview

- Summary
- Density Fringe Background
- Density Fringe Development Regulations
- Proposed Amendment
- Public Participation



Summary of Proposed Code Amendment

 Add an exception to density fringe development limitations

 Allow for greater flexibility for redevelopment within the density fringe area that sustains flood mitigation requirements SCC 30.65.260

Density fringe area: exceptions to maximum allowable density and obstruction limitations



Density Fringe Background

SCC 30.91D.100

'Density fringe area' means that portion of the special flood hazard area of the lower Snohomish and Stillaguamish rivers in which floodway areas cannot reasonably be established and in which development is regulated by maximum development density criteria

- The density fringe area is a part of the Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMS)
- It defines how development is regulated within the Flood Hazard Areas



Density Fringe Background



- The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) is a federal program administered by FEMA that allows certain property owners to purchase insurance protection against losses from flooding
- This is contingent on communities adopting floodplain management regulations to reduce future flood risks



Density Fringe Background



 The Snohomish County Flood Insurance Study for the NFIP:

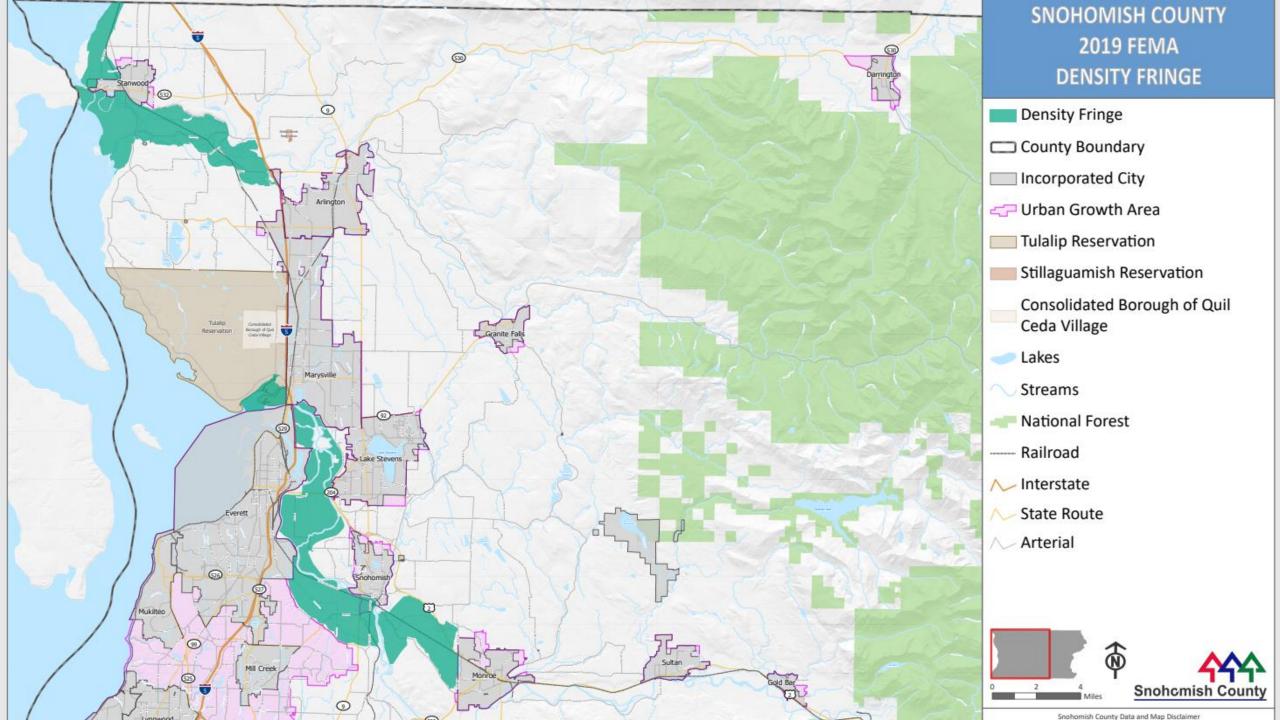
- Investigated the existence and severity of flood hazards
- Analyzed data from <u>existing conditions of</u> <u>development</u> within the identified floodplains
- Provided information for the county to create mapping that determined how much more development could occur in the floodplain and not increase water surface elevation of the base flood by more than one foot

SNOHOMISH COUNTY, WASHINGTON UNINCORPORATED AREAS



SEPTEMBER 15, 1983





Density Fringe Background - Timeline

September 1983

Flood Insurance Study for Unincorporated Snohomish County was published



Density Fringe Background - Timeline

September	Flood Insurance Study for Unincorporated Snohomish
1983	County was published
February 1984	Snohomish County adopted Special Flood Hazard area development regulations. Created the density fringe area under Title 27 Snohomish County Code.



Density Fringe Background - Timeline

September 1983	Flood Insurance Study for Unincorporated Snohomish County was published
February 1984	Snohomish County adopted Special Flood Hazard area development regulations. Created the density fringe area under Title 27 Snohomish County Code.
March 1984	Snohomish County became a member of the NFIP and adopted flood mapping



SCC 30.65.240	Density fringe area definition
SCC 30.65.250	Maximum allowable density
SCC 30.65.255	Maximum allowable obstruction
SCC 30.65.260	Exceptions to maximum allowable density and obstruction limitations
SCC 30.65.265	Recording required when the density and obstruction allowances are increased
SCC 30.65.270	General provisions
SCC 30.65.280	Permitted uses

Snohomish County

'Two and Fifteen' Regulations

SCC 30.65.250	Maximum allowable density
SCC 30.65.255	Maximum allowable obstruction

Snohomish (

- Maximum allowable density: Development shall not exceed <u>two percent</u> of the lot within the density fringe area
- Maximum allowable obstruction: Maximum width of all development shall not exceed <u>fifteen percent</u> of the length of a line drawn perpendicular to the known floodwater flow direction

SCC 30.65.260

Exceptions to maximum allowable density and obstruction limitations

Snohomish (

Summary:

- (1) Water-dependent utilities
- (2) Dikes
- (3) Utility facilities
- (4) Public works, when the project proponent demonstrates that the floodwater displacement shall not a cumulative increase in the base flood elevation of more than one foot

SCC 30.65.280 Permitted uses

- In 2020, Ordinance No. 20-076 updated the Flood Insurance Rate Map and density fringe code
- Expanded permitted and conditionally permitted uses in the portions of the density fringe area that coincide with a UGA to allow certain uses that would be allowed in the underlying zone
- These changes have prompted a need from the community to have the flexibility to redevelop and modify certain properties within the density fringe area

Snohomish

Proposed Code Amendments

- The proposed code would allow for an additional exception to maximum allowable density and obstruction limitations
- A one-time credit of exception for existing buildings or former buildings that were accounted for in the 1983 Flood Insurance Study (FIS)
- Any further development beyond the accounted for building footprint would continue to be subject to density fringe regulations
- Density Fringe Exception Application Fee \$500



Proposed Code Amendment

 This code would allow for the redevelopment of buildings that were accounted for on the original 1983 Flood Insurance Study

- Study results were reviewed by FEMA in 1981
 - Study results were prepared with consideration to all proposed and forecasted construction and development through 1986



Proposed Code Amendment

- This credit would allow property owners greater flexibility while sustaining the original and subsequent FIS restriction for a one-foot rise from the base flood level elevation
- This redevelopment would still be subject to SCC 30.65.70 density fringe area general provisions that regulate development
- Utilizing one-time credit to redevelop existing buildings that are subject to all current building standards, providing additional flood protection measures



Public Participation

 Outreach to FEMA and Agricultural Advisory Board

 SEPA determination of non-significance issued November 30, 2022







Questions?